

JAPAN NOTIFIES POWERS TO KEEP HANDS OFF

LONDON, January 22.—The Associated Press is officially informed that the Japanese government will not accept the mediation of any of the foreign powers.

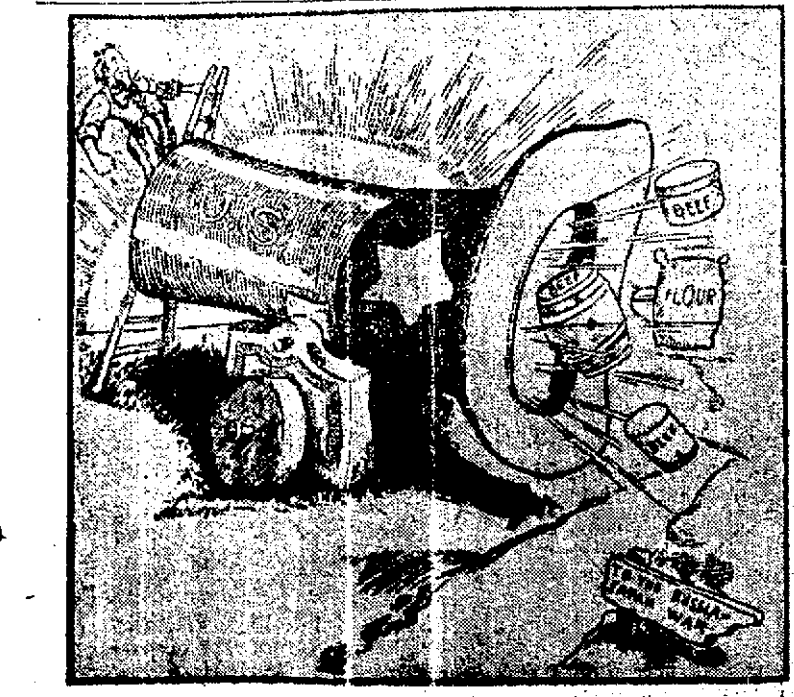
PAYS THE PENALTY ON GALLOWES.

Pleasant Armstrong Had His Nerve to the Last.
He Killed His Sweetheart Because She Would Not Marry Him.

BAKER CITY, Or., January 22.—Pleasant Armstrong, who murdered Minnie Ensminger, near Haines, in this county, on Christmas morning, 1902, was executed in the jail yard here this morning. His neck was broken by the fall. The execution was perfect as to detail.

FROZEN FAST IN THE ICE.

NEW YORK, January 22.—Fog blanketed New York bay and harbor today. Long Island Sound was impassable, scores of the most powerful steamers, scores of coastwise steamers and tugs were frozen fast in the ice, which filled both rivers and the harbor, and an ice pack in Newark harbor placed three cities and all the towns on the Passaic river below Passaic Falls in danger by flood, while one of the worst storms of the winter was still unspent.



THE FIRST GUN IS FIRED IN SAN FRANCISCO.

CHINA MAY FIGHT FOR MANCHURIA.

Japanese Railway Men Are Attacked By Koreans Along the Railway.



GENERAL TERAUCHI, JAPANESE MINISTER OF WAR.

LONDON, January 22.—A special dispatch from Seoul, Korea, dated today, says Japanese railway men have been attacked by Koreans at several points along the Seoul-Pusan Railway and that the Korean authorities have been notified that unless they prevent a recurrence of these disorders necessary measures to do so will be taken by the Japanese troops.

The Dowager Empress of China is thoroughly alive to the peril threatening China as a result of the Russo-Japanese crisis and has, according to the Globe's Shanghai correspondent, determined at all costs to fight for the freedom of Manchuria from foreign control.

LABOR DAY AT COLLEGE

A Thousand Students Will Don Overalls and Go to Work.
Will Handle Plow and Shovel to Improve U. C. Grounds.

BERKELEY, January 22.—The unusual sight of a thousand students of the University of California in overalls and jumpers working with pick and shovel on the University grounds is shortly to be seen at Berkeley.

There is a desire among the students now in college to undertake a similar work and arrangements for a big labor day are now being made. The field for the new football oval must be excavated before the concrete bleachers can be put in and this seems to offer an excellent opportunity for the students to show their love for their college in a practical way.

ACTOR SUICIDES.

COLUMBUS, O., January 22.—Ned Howard Fowler, leading man of the Empire Theater Stock Company, shot and killed himself today in the presence of his wife, Laura Nelson Hill, whom he married recently. Nervousness, due to overwork, is assigned as the cause.

WABASH RIVER FISING.

PERU, Ind., January 21.—Many families have moved out of their homes or vacated first floors, owing to the high water and ice in the Wabash river, which rose two feet during the night and is still rising. The record for twenty years is broken.

The Howe factory has closed and 600 employees are idle. Railway traffic is interrupted, tracks for many miles being under water.

RUSSIAN WARSHIP.

SUEZ, January 22.—The Russian squadron, consisting of the battleship Dmitri Donskoi, the cruiser Orel and six torpedo boat destroyers, sailed today for the Far East. One Russian torpedo boat destroyer, which is disabled, will remain here.

THIRTY PEOPLE KILLED BY A TORNADO.

Fearful Storm in North Alabama Destroyed Property—Many Are Injured.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., January 22.—Tornadoes played havoc at several places in North Alabama today, resulting, as far as known, in the death of over thirty people and injury to many more.

The storm swept all of the northern portion of Hale county and destroyed many farms. It is feared that reports will show an increased loss of life.

The following names of dead at Moundsville have been ascertained: A. B. WARREN, Montgomery, Ala., traveling salesman for a Birmingham house; killed by destruction of the Moundsville Hotel.

J. H. REDMOND, Dayton, Tenn., general supervisor of water tanks for the Alabama Great Southern Railway.

NIGHT OPERATOR SEYMOUR, at the Moundsville station.

ROBERT POWERS, a citizen. A small boy, name unknown.

As denoting the force of the tornado, it is stated that an entire freight train was blown from the track.

A heavy wind prevailed all over Northern Alabama, and rain fell in torrents.

SAW MANY BODIES. TUSCALOOSA, Ala., January 22.—A negro section hand, who has just ar-

rived from Moundsville, says that place was totally destroyed by the tornado and that many people were killed and injured. The negro says he saw the bodies of people in many places. He also reports that the country for several miles is devastated. Reports received here by telegraph say the death list so far is estimated at thirty.

The merchants of Tuscaloosa have offered relief. Limited train No. 1, northbound on the Alabama Great Southern Railway, missed the storm by only a few minutes.

Among the killed at Moundsville are A. B. WARREN of Mt. Gary, Ala., a traveling salesman; Robert Powers, a boy; the night telegraph operator at Moundsville and the man in charge of the railroad water tank.

HOUSES DEMOLISHED. BIRMINGHAM, Ala., January 22.—A tornado struck the suburban town of North Birmingham today and demolished or damaged thirty-six houses, mostly negro cabins.

A number of industrial plants also were damaged slightly and the store of Posey Brothers was destroyed. No one was killed in the vicinity.

THIRTY-SEVEN DEAD. BIRMINGHAM, Ala., January 22.—A staff correspondent of the News wires that the total death list from the storm at Moundsville is estimated at thirty-seven, of whom seven are whites and the rest negroes. The devastation is complete, everything in the town being wrecked.

More than 100 persons were injured at Moundsville and the entire business portion of the town and more than 300 homes were destroyed.

Los Angeles abounds in noble public buildings, fine business blocks, splendid hotels, stately residences, beautiful parks, clean, spacious streets and elegant drives. These are all the increments of a quarter of a century of pulling hard and pulling together and not saying anything is too good or too costly for Los Angeles to have.

The Angelenos have never shirked responsibility, balked at difficulty or haggled over expense. They squeeze every nickel in business transactions, but they are munificent in entertaining strangers and liberality itself in providing public improvements. They have striven to get, not as good as other cities have, but for a little better and then they have reached out for the best. Their civic pride is a proverb in this State; they never defame their own town or section, but stand up for both everywhere with a loyalty as unflinching as it is aggressive.

It will do business men, especially the "conservatives" good to see what the people of Los Angeles have done and to take note of how they have done it. They will catch and bring back something of the spirit that has made Southern California a picture of charm and beauty. By all means the Board of Trade excursion should be well patronized. It will help to give Oakland a boost at a time when a boost will do the most good.

Not long ago THE TRIBUNE suggested that an excursion of Oakland's business men to Los Angeles would furnish a valuable object lesson. This suggestion has been adopted by the Oakland Board of Trade, which will hold a special meeting tonight to arrange for an excursion for business men of Oakland, Alameda and Berkeley to the Southern California metropol.

It is to be hoped that a large attendance will be present, and that the excursion train will be crowded to its utmost capacity. The trip will be both instructive and recreative. It will be good for both mind and body. It will have civic patriotism for its motive, for it will teach a lesson in the way to build up a city.

Los Angeles is a splendid example of what can be wrought by united effort, intelligent enterprise, pluck and push. It is a beautiful and thriving city, full of restless vigor and ambitious inspiration. Its people place no limit on their aspirations and never discount their ability to accomplish what they undertake. In consequence their city is a marvel of modern progress. It is full of charm and attraction because its citizens have made the most of their opportunities and resources and have never neglected a chance to improve and advertise their city.

CASHIER ROBS A BANK.

Cleveland Man Manages to Get Away With \$170,000.

Bank is Compelled to Close Its Doors As a Result of Theft.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 22.—The Produce Exchange Banking Company, corner of Broadway and Central avenue, closed its doors today. The insolvency court has appointed the Cleveland Trust Company as receiver. Assets and liabilities of the bank are each placed at \$1,600,000.

CASHIER A DEFAULTER.

CLEVELAND, O., January 22.—Attorney Andrew Squire, on behalf of the bank, made the following statement this afternoon:

"There is a default of \$170,000, which is more than the paid-in capital and surplus combined. The original capital was \$200,000, but only \$50 per share was paid in. The depositors will be protected fully. The stockholders will have to pay in \$160,000 more on their capital stock, and \$200,000 in stockholders' liability."

"The directors worked all day trying to make up the deficiency but the burden was too heavy, and they decided to close the bank."

"For many years the defaulting official has been speculating in Chicago grain. He covered his speculations by manipulating the bank's loan accounts. He voluntarily confessed yesterday. He will be taken into custody this afternoon."

"The directors know where he is."

It is announced that branches of the Produce Exchange Bank of Defiance, Hudson and Berford, Ohio, will be closed at once as a result of the failure.

HOUSE BOAT IS WRECKED.

TWO OCCUPANTS LOSE THEIR LIVES IN WHITE RIVER.

INDIANAPOLIS, January 22.—The ice in White river carried off a house boat occupied by John Schowe and wife and battered it to pieces. Mrs. Schowe was drowned and her body carried down the river. Schowe was thrown into the water when the houseboat went to pieces and caught hold of bushes on a submerged island in the middle of the river opposite the lower part of the city.

In answer to his cry for help, Rollo Morrison started for the island through the ice with a boat. After an hour he reached him but Schowe, crazed by the cold, fought him off. Morrison finally overpowered Schowe, tied him in the boat and struggled for the man threw Morrison out and the boat went down the river with Schowe tied to the bottom. Morrison was later rescued.

MINERS' MEETING.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., January 22.—At today's session of the United Mine Workers of America, a memorial addressed to the American Federation of Labor requesting it to require legislation in all trades unions raising the "color line" was adopted. A resolution was also adopted releasing locals from obligations to meet the taxation imposed by local central trades unions for support or general business agents which cannot act for the miners.

Be sure a bottle of Fio's Cure is kept on hand for sudden colds. All Druggists.

FINE PIANO FREE

**Remarkable
Offer Made
by Leading
Piano House**

The Great Annual Clearance Sale of the Wiley B. Allen Company is now the center of attraction. If you are thinking of buying a piano don't fail to embrace this opportunity to save money.

We will give away a high-grade Piano to one of the first twenty-five Piano purchasers. Full particulars on application.

—THE—
Wiley B. Allen Co.

Largest Wholesale and Retail Piano Dealers west of Chicago. Stores in seven States.

951 BROADWAY
COR NINTH.

VALLEY UNDER WATER.

DAYTON, O., January 22.—Wide sections of the Miami valley, south of Dayton are inundated. Traffic between Dayton and Cincinnati has been suspended owing to damage to trestle work south of Franklin. The immense ice gorge north of Dayton broke in time to prevent the flooding of the city. The Miami river is still rising, but unless heavy rains should continue no serious results are now anticipated in this immediate vicinity. Trains are delayed because of damaged roadbeds.

WEATHER FORECAST.
SAN FRANCISCO, January 22.—Forecast: San Francisco and vicinity—Fair this afternoon, tonight and Saturday. Light north winds.

WEST OAKLAND WILL BE USED BY HOME.

PRESIDENT GRACE TREVOR MAKES REPLY TO BASE-LESS CHARGES.

Editor TRIBUNE.—With reference to the statement emanating from Mrs. Reed concerning the West Oakland Home, to the effect that the children have a sense of dread or fear of the matron, Mrs. Van Wermer and that that condition has existed for years, it is sufficient to say that the present is the first instance in the ten years of Mrs. Van Wermer's service in the Home, in which she has been complained of. The children, as to whom complaint is now made, have been in the Home for two years and a half and there has never been any complaint by them or their father of fear of the matron, on any other ground. The present occurrence is an unfortunate one. But the fact is not that Mrs. Reed left the Home because of the occurrence, but on the contrary, she announced before the boys were punished that she was going to leave and had she not the management had decided to dispense with her services before that announcement, because of unsatisfactory service and inattention to duty on her part.

It is much to be regretted that the Home, which has rendered and is rendering such faithful charitable service to helpless children, has to be dragged into such an unjust controversy as this.

Mrs. Van Wermer has, notwithstanding her ten years' faithful service been reprimanded by the Board of Directors with reference to the present occurrence.

GRACE L. TREVOR,
Acting President West Oakland Home.

OREO'S VICTIM IS DEAD.

WOUNDED MAN SUCCEUMS AFTER WEEKS OF SUFFERING.

Luigi Gratziano, who is alleged to have been shot from ambush on December 21 last night at Pablosa Hospital, died last night at Pablosa Hospital as the result of his wound. Oreo was formally charged with murder by Chief of Police Hodgkins today. The prisoner claims to be able to establish his complete alibi. Evidence against him is said, however, to be very strong, although chiefly circumstantial.

Gratziano and Oreo are said to have had some words over the former leaving the abode of Oreo. The men parted in anger and Oreo is said by the police to have laid in wait for his former friend and shot him from ambush. Gratziano was wounded in the neck. He appeared to be convulsing at one time, but relapse followed relapse until he finally succumbed.

FOUND DEAD.

REDFORD, Ind., January 22.—The body of Miss Sarah Schaefer, teacher of Latin in the Bedford High School was found in a carriage house today. She had been assaulted and robbed and the body mutilated. The appearance of the shed indicated a struggle with her assailant.

Miss Schaefer came here from Elkhart, Ind., a year ago and was much admired. There is great excitement over the murder and bloodhounds will be given the scent.

CALIFORNIA STATE BUILDING AT WORLD'S FAIR NOT FOR EXHIBITS.

Surprise was occasioned here this morning among a number of business men who happened to meet accidentally by the information brought by one of their number to the effect that the big California State Building at the World's Fair in St. Louis will be used mainly by concessionaires who have been given the exclusive right to use the main apartment in the structure for the exhibition of photographic views, as a means of advertising, a revenue for the owners of the concession.

DISAPPOINTMENT.
This feeling of disappointment was increased by reason of the fact that it was generally believed the part of the building in question which was not required as headquarters of the California State Commission and as resting-places for visitors from this State, would be used for the purpose of some of the products of the Golden State.

HOME COMMISSIONERS POWERLESS.
The gentlemen who brought the information to this city said that he had not, as yet, been able to consult the Alameda County Commissioners on the subject but he was given to understand that the commissioners in question could do nothing to effect a change in the premises, because jurisdiction over the structures in question was vested in the California State Commission.

PRIVATE ENRICHMENT.
"This use of the State building is not alone reprehensible. It becomes most aggravating when it is understood that the pictures are to be shown for the purpose of the enrichment of the men who succeeded in securing the concession."

EXHIBITANT PRICES.
"If," continued the speaker, "Oakland, for instance, wanted to exhibit any of its beauty spots or resources, it would have to pay a price which would be practically prohibitive. Suppose, for instance, this city desired to exhibit a general view of its location, it would cost \$25 and that sum would pay for one exposure a day, that exposure lasting long enough for one to say, 'This represents the city of Oakland.' For the other 23 hours and 59 minutes of the day Oakland would remain in obscurity, unless it should be decided to display other views. None of these views, however, would be exposed longer than a minute a day. Therefore, if Oakland should want a display of ten views shown during the fair, the exhibit would cost her nearly \$1000 or to be more precise \$980, the expense increasing by jumps of \$98 for each extra view. You can see, therefore, what Alameda County will have to pay to have any views of her resources cast upon the screen, and that, too, in California's building. I never heard of anything like it in my life. Whether or not other counties have secured control of this apparent snap, I have not learned yet."

TROUBLE OF DELAY.
In this connection it may be stated that the Alameda County Fair Commissioners are experiencing the trouble anticipated by reason of the late creation of the board and their consequent tardy application for space for a display of county products in the palace of horticulture at the fair.

ALMOST ALONE.
When Alameda county applied for an appointment of the space allotted to California in the building in question it discovered that it practically stood alone because nearly all the other leading exhibiting counties of the State had gone to combinations with various clusters of counties and that each of these clusters had demanded space for a combined composite display.

BUNCHES OF COUNTIES.
For instance, the south pounced upon the State Commissioners, announcing that it comprised seven counties which

Store opens at 8:30 a. m.

Friday, Jan. 22.

Store closes at 5:30 p. m.

**TEN PER CENT OFF
ON ALL PURCHASES MADE IN JANUARY**

Bits of January Sale News

It would take a full page to record the news that the Taft & Pennoyer departments have to tell regarding their January sales. Every manager is striving to have clean shelves ready for his spring goods and the prices he quotes are quickly bringing about the end desired. Here are a few examples:

Buttons at About Half

To make a clean sweep of above fifty dozen broken lines of buttons, reductions of nearly one-half have been made. For example:

Fancy enamelled buttons formerly 50c per dozen are now 25c per dozen
Plain oxidized buttons formerly 75c per dozen—now 45c per dozen
Fancy gun-metal buttons have been reduced from \$1.25 per dozen to 85c per dozen
Large plain and fancy oxidized buttons have been reduced from \$1.50 per dozen to \$1.00 per dozen
Fancy gun-metal buttons which were \$5.00 per dozen are now \$2.50 per dozen

A Clean Sweep of Purses

Three dozen black finger purses—were 35c each—to be closed out at . . . 15c each
Combination, inger and clasp purses in variety of leathers, colors, finishes and mountings—formerly 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50—to be closed out at 25c each
Larger and more elaborate combination and finger purses which were \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.25 each—to be closed out at 50c each

A Brush Snap

Cloth and hair brushes of mixed black and white bristles, and with screw backs—formerly 20c and 25c each—closing price 10c each
Hair and cloth brushes of larger size and better finish—formerly 35c and 40c each—closing price 25c each

Soap, Too, at a Special Price

The finest quality of imported white Spanish castle soap—small size, 45c per dozen; large size 90c per dozen

Photograph Frames Reduced One-Third

Square and oval frames of weathered copper in Watteau scrolls—reduced from 50c to 35c each
Large size square and oval frames in French gilt and silk moire, mounted in brass—reduced from \$1.00 to . . . 65c each

Wool Waistings

Fine wool waistings in solid colors with woven stripes—thirty patterns—28 inches wide—reduced from 75c and 85c per yard to 50c per yard

A Stir in Fancy Hosiery

Above thirty patterns in fancy hose, formerly \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50 per pair—to be closed out at 50c per pair

Lining Taffetas

Nineteen-inch lining taffetas, marked 45c per yard—only a few of them left at 25c per yard

Winter Undervests

A fine cashmere undervest with high neck and short sleeves—white or natural—reduced from \$1.25 to 75c each

Broken Lines of Corsets at Broken Prices

Small sizes only of the famous P. D. and W. B. corsets—formerly \$2.00 and \$3.00 each—to be closed out at . . . 25c each

Her Majesty's corsets—formerly \$2.75, \$3.25, \$4.00 and \$5.00 each—will be closed out at \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00 each

I. C. corsets—formerly \$4.50 and \$5.00 each—now \$1.50 and \$2.50 each

Broken lines of La Vida corsets have been reduced from \$5.00 and \$7.00 each to \$2.50 and \$3.50 each

The famous Le Reve and Mme. Leoty French corsets, directly imported by us, have been reduced as follows:

From \$12.50 to \$5.00 each
From \$20.00 to \$7.50 each

Winter Hats Reduced One-Half

\$3.50 hats now \$1.50

\$4.75, \$5.50, \$6.50, \$7.00 and \$7.50 hats—now \$2.50

\$8.50 hats—now \$4.00

Pattern hats at ONE-HALF PRICE.

Ladies' Capes

Cloth capes in navy blue, gray, tan and brown, silk lined throughout—reduced from \$12.50 and \$14.00 to . . \$5.00 each

Taft & Pennoyer Broadway Fourteenth

From Joyce's Popular Store comes the announcement of a

Special Sale of Serviceable Skirts

WHEN YOU SEE THESE DRESS AND WALKING SKIRTS YOU WILL NOT WONDER WHY JOYCE DOES THE BIGGEST SKIRT BUSINESS IN OAKLAND. NO MYSTERY ABOUT IT—HE DOES IT BECAUSE HE GIVES MOST VALUE FOR THE MONEY—THAT'S ALL.

THERE ARE OVER A HUNDRED DISTINCT MODELS OF STYLISH DRESS AND WALKING SKIRTS PUT INTO THIS SPECIAL SALE. SOME SAMPLE VALUES ARE:

\$2.95 SERVICEABLE DRESS SKIRT MADE OF GOOD QUALITY OF BLACK REPELLANT; SPUN GLASS DROP SKIRT; REGULAR VALUE \$4.50.

\$2.35 GRAY CHEVION WALKING SKIRT, STITCHED OR STRAPPED; SHAPED TO CONFORM WITH LATEST MODEL; WORTH \$3.50.

\$3.45 HANDSOME ALL-WOOL CHEVION WALKING SKIRT; SPLIT SEAMS FACED WITH RED; GIVING SWELL EFFECT; REGULAR PRICE \$6.50.

\$4.36 SPLENDID LINE OF BLACK ALL-WOOL CHEVION DRESS SKIRTS; SEVERAL TO-DATE STYLES; HANDSOMELY FINISHED; REGULAR VALUE \$6.50.

Flannelettes

—Special

Heavy quality Tennis Flannel; regular value 10c yd.
Wrapper Flannelette, regular 12 1/2c, 15c, 16c; now

Table Cloths

Pure Irish Linen Damask Cloths; regular 2.25 value

Table damask remnant's
Special \$1.50 HALF PRICE

Turkish Towels

500 dozen of those useful, heavy, bleached and unbleached Turkish Bath Towels; regular value 25c;

Special 19c

RIVERS OVERFLOW.

LOGANSPOUT, Ind., January 22.—The El and Wabash rivers have overflowed their banks as the result of the breaking up of the ice and much property in this city and county has been destroyed. Whole sections of Logansport have been flooded and many homes have been abandoned. The water is still rising and rain is still falling.

At the village of Georgetown, residents were rescued by boats. At Adamsboro, a dam was swept away and much property destroyed.

WEATHER REPORT.

WASHINGTON, January 22.—The general forecast issued by the Weather Bureau today says:

"Nothing has occurred since Thursday night to lessen the gravity of the flood situation in the Upper Ohio. The weather conditions continue favorable to a rapid breaking up of the ice in the rivers and small streams of Central and Eastern Pennsylvania, Southern New York, West Virginia and Western Maryland."

FLOODS IN CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, January 22.—Floods in and about Chicago, due to the thaw and rain, are causing some loss of property and much inconvenience. Waters in the Des Plaines, Fox and Calumet rivers are swollen and many of the smaller creeks flowing into these streams are choked with ice, resulting in the inundation of surrounding lowlands. Sections of South Chicago, Burnside and Grand Crossing are under water.

Drug wars may come and drug wars may go

—but we go on cutting prices forever.
We don't pay attention to anybody else. We mind our own business, and since the day we first cut prices, we have never allowed anybody to cut beneath us.
There are plenty of firms who make lower prices and who use the word "cut" in the newspapers, but we use, but the plain, unvarnished truth is good enough for us, and always will be.

Just now thousands of people moving around Oakland are suffering from aching backs, and we wish to say a special word to them today.

Whatever excuse there may have been for your suffering from a backache, there is none now. BACKACHE BACKACHE PLASTER has never failed to do its full duty even on the most obstinate back. The cost of it is but

50c
WEBSTER'S LA GRIPPE COLD CURE has cured half the colds in Oakland this winter. It is now working on the other half. We are sole agents for it.

50c bottle
Osgood's

THE DRUG CUTTER
The Store that always gives you exactly what you ask for.

Seventh and Broadway OAKLAND

POLICE SCORED BY JUDGE.

ALL ARRESTS UNDER RUBBISH ORDINANCE ARE AN OUTRAGE.

"All of the arrests made up to date under ordinance No. 459 which makes it a misdemeanor to throw rubbish on the street, have been outrageous," declared Judge Sanborn this morning, in speaking of Mayor Olney's pet measure. "The police have proceeded in a manner which suggests that they are entirely unfamiliar with the provision of the ordinance. Some one is to blame. The ordinance says that any person who after a notice of four hours by the police refuses to remove rubbish deposited by him shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. In all the cases which have come before me it is shown that the persons were never notified. In some instances, it was shown that it was the intention of the arrested party to put the rubbish in cans afterwards."

The scoring of the police was brought about by the trial of Fred W. Jackson, an expressman, who had swept the dirt from his wagon to the street. Judge Sanborn dismissed him.

Patrolman Thompson, who made the arrest, stated that he thought he was doing his duty, but admitted that he had never read the ordinance.

RAINS CAUSE LOSS.

LORAIN, O., January 22.—Great loss has been caused here by heavy rains. Two large steamers broke from their moorings today and now lie at the mouth of the river in a dangerous position. The Nickel Plate Railroad bridge has been washed away and all traffic on the road is blocked.

The shipyards of the American Shipbuilding Company are under water. Many small vessels have been wrecked. The Baltimore and Ohio railroad will be a heavy loser. Immense piles of timber are going down the river with the rush of ice.

GENERAL AMNESTY ORDERED.

CONSTANTINOPLE, January 22.—The Sultan has ordered that general amnesty be granted to the Bulgarians and Macedonians who have been imprisoned for participation in the disturbance of last summer. Before giving effect to this decree, however, the Porte is trying to obtain assurances regarding the attitude in the future.

Keller's Half-Price Tailoring and What It Means

IN BOTH THE MEN'S AND WOMEN'S TAILORING DEPARTMENTS IT IS POSSIBLE TO SAVE A LARGE PROPORTION OF THE COST OF AN UP-TO-DATE SUIT, DURING THIS SALE.

HERE'S THE ARGUMENT: A GOOD SUIT, FAULTLESS IN EVERY PARTICULAR IS WORTH \$55.00.

THE LABOR, WHICH IS HALF THE ENTIRE COST, CANNOT BE REDUCED.

THE OTHER HALF IS THE COST OF THE CLOTH AND FINDINGS.

THIS HALF WE CUT SQUARELY IN TWO, MAKING THE COST OF THE SUIT

\$26.25

A KELLER-MADE, KELLER-GUARANTEED SUIT WORTH \$30.00, WILL COST DURING JANUARY BUT

\$22.50

H. J. Keller & Co.
Leading Furnishers, Hatters, Tailors, Shirtmakers

1157-1159 Washington St., OAKLAND.

James H. Joyce
UNION DRY GOODS STORE
955 957, 959 WASHINGTON STREET

Household Cares

A Sick Woman's Devotion to Duty is a Heroism which a Well Person Cannot Understand.

How distressing to see a woman struggling with her daily round of household duties, when her back and head are aching, and every new movement brings out a new pain!

One day the poor woman is wretched and utterly miserable; in a day or two she is better and laughs at her fears, thinking there is nothing much the matter after all; but before night the deadly backache reappears, the limbs tremble, the lips twitch—it seems as though all the imps of Satan were clutching her vitals; she "goes to pieces" and is flat on her back.

No woman ought to arrive at this terrible state of misery, because these symptoms are a sure forerunner of womb troubles. She must remember that **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** is almost an infallible cure for all female ills, such as irregularity of periods, which cause weak stomach, sick headache, etc., displacements and inflammation of the womb, or any of the multitudes of illnesses which beset the female organism. Read how Mrs. Frake wrote to Mrs. Pinkham when she was in great trouble. Her letter tells the result, and how a cure was effected by the use of

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"I have read of your medicine making so many cures and have been advised to write to you, but I feel that it is of no use. The doctor says that I have womb trouble, but he does not seem to help me a great deal. I have such a weakness across me most of the time—have backache, am very nervous, and am troubled with leucorrhoea. I am very weak, cannot walk any distance or stand long unless I ache all over. I would like to know if you think your medicine would do me any good."—Mrs. SAMUEL FRAKE, Prospect Plains, N.J.

\$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.

Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

"I cannot thank you enough for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. When I first wrote to you I had suffered for years. The doctor said I had congestion of the womb, was troubled with my kidneys and bladder, my back ached dreadfully all the time, and I suffered with bearing-down feeling, could scarcely walk about to do my own housework. I stopped doctoring with the physician and took your medicine, and am now able to do my own work, have no more backache or weakness across me, and can do all my own work. I cannot praise your medicine enough, and would advise all suffering women to try it."—Mrs. SAMUEL FRAKE, Prospect Plains, N.J.

The Medicine that has Restored a Million Women to Health is
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



IS AGAINST EIGHT HOUR LAW.

D. M. PARRY ISSUES ADDRESS IN OPPOSITION TO IT.

NEW YORK, January 22.—D. M. Parry, president of the Citizens' Industrial Association of America, has issued the following address in opposition to the proposed eight-hour law:

"The eight-hour bill, if enacted into law, would mark a radical departure from the spirit of our free institutions and would work great harm to industrial interests. The bill belongs to the category of socialistic schemes which organized labor favors for the artificial regulation of industry. It declares that the National Government shall buy nothing which has been made by men who have worked over eight hours a day, and that all government contracts shall be carried out on the eight-hour plan. The backers of the bill hope that it will become the entering wedge for the establishment of a general eight-hour day in private as well as public enterprise.

"Such paternalism and artificial regulation of industry as this bill contemplates is directly at variance with those inalienable rights of the individual to do as he pleases with his time, his labor and his property, so long as he does not infringe upon the equal rights of another. To compel an employer to hire men on only eight hours and to compel the employee to work no longer than eight hours is certainly un-American. It is an attempt at despotic rule which should not be tolerated.

"Although the bill, however, is a plain violation of the spirit of our institutions, yet insidious as it is, it is its provisions to the National Government alone, and does not extend to the private industry, which is probably the most important of the country. The Supreme Court of the United States has recently upheld the validity of a Kansas statute of this import. The court's decision apparently was to the effect that an employer has a right to employ men for any length of time he sees fit, and that therefore the Government being considered an employer can make any kind of an agreement as to hours with its employees that it desires. It would seem probable also that, inasmuch as the purchase has the option of buying or not buying, the Government acting in such a capacity would have a valid right to buy only articles manufactured on an eight-hour basis if it so decided. It might be said, however, on this question of the constitutionality of eight-hour legislation that it appears to involve a discrimination against

men who work or who desire to work more than eight hours, and that as the Government purchases the whole body of public it ought not to discriminate against any of its citizens. It might further be said that if eight-hour legislation is constitutional applied to Government affairs, then it would be constitutional for the last-making of legislation for the closed shop in Government departments. However, as the United States Supreme Court appears to think that eight-hour legislation regarding Government contracts and employees is constitutional, it develops back upon the people to determine as to the wisdom of such legislation. I believe that every man who thoroughly understands the principles of American Government, and who studies somewhat the necessary conditions for the best development of industry, must come to the conclusion that such legislation cannot be too strongly condemned as being fraught with disaster for the entire people.

"Looking at the broad aspects of the artificial regulation of hours of labor by Government or by the majority of labor unions, I wish to say that if the majority of men work ten hours a day it is an indication that it requires that number of hours of labor on the part of men in general in order to produce the commodities necessary to satisfy the needs and desires of the nation. A century ago the average workday was 14 to 16 hours. That was in the good old days when every member of the family had to slave from morning until night in order to obtain coarse food and meagre protection from the elements. Even now, however, have been undrugged while the prices of commodities have been reduced one-half and two-thirds. At the same time the hours of labor have gradually decreased to about ten. All this has been brought about without any artificial interference whatever. Now that free competition conditions have within 100 years made this the wealthiest nation in the world, a wealthy nation whose labor obtains much the highest wages in the world, is it wise to destroy or even partially abridge freedom in industry? Every man would like to see ten hours of labor made as short as conditions will permit, but common sense must dictate that the reduction in hours must come about naturally. It is within the power of men to fix the hours of labor, then why not fix the number at zero at once and be done with it? When a man argues that as much work can be done in eight hours as in ten, then it is possible to do as much in six, and so on until he proves that a man can do as much work by not working at all as he can by working ten and twelve hours a day.

"But looking at what would be the more immediate and practical consequences of the proposed eight-hour legislation, which call attention to its effect upon these private industrial enterprises, it is not work for the Government. As the most of these industries have a ten-hour day they would be compelled to make a division in the ranks of the employees, a portion of whom would work eight hours on Government work and the other portion on jobs on work for the general public. Of course, the men who worked

eight hours would expect pay for ten hours. This is one of the "benefits" of the eight-hour crusade of organized labor. In fact, organized labor places much more stress upon getting ten hours pay for eight hours labor than it does upon obtaining a reduction in the number of hours in order to further the social development of the worker. That is, organized labor, in its humanitarian scheme to enable men to live better by working less, is engaged in the time honored practice of trying to get something for nothing. If the Government wishes to indulge in the luxury of having all its work done by men under the eight-hour plan it must pay the cost. Since the demand for this eight-hour legislation comes from an organization which demands only 15 per cent of the number of people employed in this country, it seems quite pertinent to the question of the remaining 85 per cent should be taxed for such folly. Do the great mass of the people who would tell of more hours wish the Government to enter into a scheme for pampering a comparatively small number of men who would only earn three-fourths of what they would be paid? Why, for example, should the taxes paid by the farmers be squandered in the hands of a few laborers? It would make as cheap as the private individual and when it does not the people are being

"I wish also to call attention to the fact that to the degree eight-hour legislation is effective to that degree is the ability of our industries to compete abroad diminished. This means less production in this country and therefore employment of less labor. Again, the artificial lumping with hours of employment in private enterprise, which means higher prices for commodities for general consumption. The cost of production cannot be increased without a corresponding advance in prices.

"The eight-hour bill is to be justly regarded as a scheme for graft to be granted by politicians to organized labor in return for its supposed political influence. And it is one of the regrettable features of political life that there is to be found men who are willing to barter away the liberties of their country and to sacrifice its industrial wealth for the sake of their own political advantage. It is therefore high time that the business interests and the good citizenship of the nation should become organized in such a way that they may wield their proper influence in defeating such unjust measures as this eight-hour bill.

"The National Association of Manufacturers succeeded at the last session of Congress in keeping the bill from passage, and with the assistance of the Citizens' Industrial Association of America I have no doubt that the bill will be defeated at this session, but it will require work.

"I wish to commend a resolution adopted by the Birmingham Citizens' Alliance about a month ago to the attention of all who are interested. I believe myself that the resolution could be strengthened by adding a clause on the proposed diversion of public funds to the payment of prices for Government labor 25 per cent in excess of the prices paid for the same class of labor by private employers.

"The Birmingham resolution is a good one, however, and is as follows:

"Whereas, A measure known as the 'eight-hour law' is being pressed for passage by Congress, the effect of which is to create a standard of eight

hours for a day's work, and in case of Government employ, and if this law is passed, it will mean an attempt to create a standard in all other lines of employment, and the president of the United States Government as a result of that demand, and

Whereas, Such an innovation will bring added cost of production in all lines of creative skill, and narrowing the field of competitive markets for American goods, with higher cost of living to all classes of citizens, besides placing a premium on unskilled labor and idleness; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Citizens' Alliance of Birmingham, Ala., hereby condemns this measure as a vicious innovation in the productive labor of a country, and should not become a law; be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the Senators and Representatives from Alabama in the United States Congress, with a request that they use their best endeavors to defeat this proposed legislation.

LONG ISLAND SOUND FROZEN.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—Long Island Sound is a compact ice field from shore to shore and from Hell Gate to New Haven, Connecticut. Only the largest steamers went through during the night and unless there is a thaw tonight, hundreds of sailing vessels and big ocean going tugs are frozen in the fields with their tows.

Strong northeasterly gales have been piling up ice into the Sound and now cakes five inches thick are gathering in a great flow six miles long and twelve miles wide at New Haven.

Through its center a narrow strip of thin ice, fringed with a lacy border of cracks, marks the path of arduous travel by the Fall River liners.

The oldest skippers on the Sound declare the condition is something new to them. Considerable loss is being caused by the delay in moving freight.

COUNTERFEITERS CAUGHT.

CHICAGO, January 22.—A raid made by Deputy United States Marshals on a flat on Morgan street, has resulted in the arrest of three men charged with counterfeiting. John O'Shea, it is asserted, was caught in the act of making bogus half dollars. Henry Cotter was captured with him and Fred Sullivan, a saloon keeper, was locked up on a charge of aiding in the distribution of the counterfeit. The three men were taken before Commissioner Foot and held in \$1000 bonds each. Mules, dies and partly completed coins were seized.

TROUBLE SETTLED.

NEW YORK, January 22.—More than 1500 men in the building trades at Paterson, N. J., who have been locked out for a month have returned to work. Their differences with the employers will be settled by arbitration.

NEWS OF LOCAL LABOR WORLD.

PLUMBERS ORGANIZING EXAMINING BOARD FOR PROSPECTIVE MEMBERS.

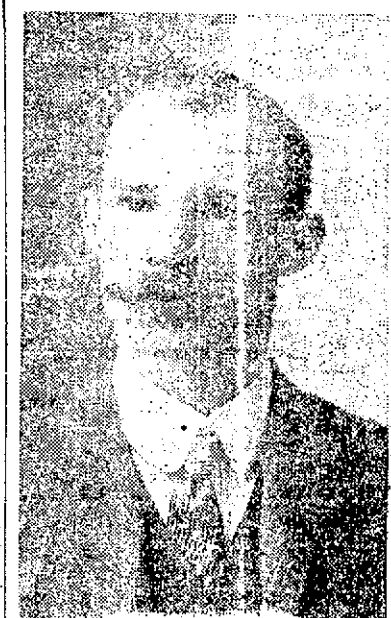
There were eight applications made for membership at the last meeting of the executive committee of the Plumbers' Union. The men desiring admission were examined and two passed upon. The two men were referred to the health officers for further examination. The committee heretofore have not had any set rules for examining applicants so a regular examining board of nine men were appointed. The board is comprised of three men from the plumbers, three men from the gas fitters and three men from the steam fitters. A regular plan of examination consisting of practical, as well as theoretical tests will be formed by the board.

The union discussed the proposition of buying a lot and building headquarters. A committee was appointed to investigate the matter. The union has money enough in the treasury to build a suitable house.

The union donated \$50 to the Western Federation of Miners, of the Crystal Creek district to aid them in their cause. The money is being held for Chief Organizer Leonard to call for.

Word was received from the secretary of the committee, R. D. Terry that he would soon leave Port Townsend for home. Councilman George Fitzgerald, treasurer of the union, and who has been sick with typhoid pneumonia, was reported much better. Thomas Hutton, a member in good standing, was reported sick and a committee was appointed to wait on him. L. Rogers, organizer of the Plumbers' Helpers' Union addressed the meeting on rules for apprentices.

The following men are the officers of the examination board: President,



GEORGE K. SMITH, President of Plumbers' Union 134, Oakland.

J. Scott; Secretary A. Gordon; Treasurer W. Sullivan.

MATERIAL TEAMSTERS.

A special meeting was held last night by the Material Teamsters' Union No. 577, in Kohler and Chase hall. The principal business before the union was the proposed raising of dues of twenty-five cents. The question precipitated a very heated discussion and was finally voted down by a vote of eighty against and on in favor. So the dues remain as before, seventy-five cents.

There were six applications made for membership that were not acted upon as the District Council had not passed on them.

J. Donough and A. Jacquine were granted withdrawal cards. Both men are going out of the business.

The committee from the Building Trades Council that was appointed to compare the schedule of the local union with that of the San Francisco union reported the schedules to be about the same.

The report of the district committee was accepted. There are four members of the union sick at present.

PAINTERS MEET.

The Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers of America, No. 127, met in Kohler and Chase Hall

last night. The evening was occupied by the Saturday half holiday discussion. The matter was carried over until next Tuesday night at 9 o'clock, when, as a special order of business, the question will be settled. The union endorsed W. E. Scully as State organizer for the Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers of America.

J. B. Osborn, the blind orator, addressed the meeting on "Labor Organizations." Two applications were passed on and accepted.

FEDERATED TRADES.

The Federated Trades Council met in Cooke and Walters' Union headquarters and went through the regular routine of business.

They decided to attend in a body, January 31st, the address to be given by C. Petry, the secretary of the council, at Sacramento Hall.

CARPENTERS 1667 MEET.

The Carpenters and Joiners of America, No. 1667, met in California Hall last night. No business of special interest transpired.

UPHOLSTERS MEET.

Upholsters and Carpet Mechanics' Union met in Kohler and Chase Hall last night. The regular routine of business was gone through.

ARMY BUILDINGS ON FIRE.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Jan. 22.—In a raging blizzard 500 infantrymen and artillery men thinly clad fell out of their bunks at Fort Sam Houston, early today in answer to a signal cannon and general fire alarm to save the officers' quarters from destruction. A row of two-story frame houses was on fire opposite the Adjutant's office, bachelor quarters and a line of two-story officers' quarters, enveloping the Government buildings in flames. Major Louis Niles of the Artillery Corps had five bucket brigades at work with 200 men in reserve.

Until the apparatus arrived from the city to the relief of the garrison, several officers' quarters were severely scorched and 300 yards of fence and outhouses were destroyed. The total damage will amount to less than \$17,000, but nearly \$90,000 worth of Government property was in danger and only saved by the prompt response of organized troops to the alarm.

ANOTHER BATTLE.

NEW YORK, January 22.—General Canaves has fought another battle, during which Ramon Tassarez and seven others were killed, cubles the Heredia's correspondent at Puerto Plata, Santo Domingo.

General Canaves now occupies Castillo City and General Jimenez has retired to the fort. His forces are short of ammunition.

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Most pastry is just a mixture of fat, flour and eggs. Nobody is afraid of either good eggs or flour. The whole trouble is in the fat. Pure butter is expensive and scarce. Hog lard is plentiful and cheap. Hog lard is the horror of delicate stomachs. Cottolene is wholesome and economical. The use of Cottolene is perfectly simple. The result is simply perfect.

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OAKLAND TRIBUNE
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AMERICAN SUPREMACY ASSURED.

After investigating the cotton situation Edward Atkinson, the Boston economist, concludes that the world must continue to depend mainly on the United States for the bulk of its cotton supply. The fact is important because it is confidently predicted by cotton experts that cotton will be higher next year than it is now. It is even asserted that it will go to twenty cents a pound, a price considerably above the price of the lower grades of wool. Crop diversification in the South and the increasing cost of farm labor are given as a bar against any great expansion of the crop.

Mr. Atkinson believes that Egypt has virtually reached the maximum of her productive ability. The Chinese and Indian cotton is of poor fibre and too short. The Lagos cotton, for which much was claimed, is poor likewise, and woolly. The same may be said of the South American product even a more marked degree. Russia will need all she can raise for home consumption. As a general proposition, the cotton of tropical countries is always inferior, and it would seem that in the South alone are to be found climatic conditions united with harvesting and transportation facilities, most favorable to the cultivation of the best staple. Propitious climatic conditions alone will not affect the existing situation. These may be found, for example, on the uplands of Paraguay, but Mr. Atkinson believes it will take 50 years to adequately develop this section of South America so that its product will be available for export.

It is to be noted that Mr. Atkinson depicts a situation that he admits is unwelcome to himself, for his sympathies are with the manufacturer rather than with the producer. His environment is the cotton spinning district of New England, and he sees in the higher price of the staple a further handicap for that section. A factor in the relative prosperity of the industry in the North and the South is the fact that the planters are extensively taking stock in the mills of their own section. They have so far freed themselves from the incubance of debt and high interest charges that they can hold their cotton and have money to invest. Last year it was demonstrated the South has now practically enough surplus capital to handle the cotton crop, and is therefore in a position of comparative financial independence.

That Liverpool's domination of the cotton market has permanently passed to New York is another feature of the situation. Until recently Americans had to seek Liverpool as a final market. In consequence the quotations there governed cotton prices the world over. Such is no longer the case. The Lancashire spinners have been compelled to buy in the New York market, and the Liverpool Exchange has been likewise forced to take the price of its prices from New York. In other words, America has taken control of the raw cotton trade and will soon assert supremacy in the manufacture of cotton. The fleecy staple is no longer politically king because no political question is associated with its production, but in the economic sense it is a greater monarch than it ever was before.

There seems to be nothing in the way now to interfere with an energetic prosecution of the tree-planting crusade.

France's refusal to back up Russia in the Asiatic quarrel is not due to memories of the retreat from Moscow so much as to fear of the British fleet.

A HINT TO THE WISE.

The following from the Call is a sharp thrust at the foolishness—especially toward women—that has prevailed recently to some extent at Berkeley.

THE GARBAGE PROBLEM.

Although the garbage crematory ordinance has been before the public one way and another for more than a year, it is still greatly misunderstood. Much of the misapprehension is undoubtedly due to misrepresentation, but a large number of people have never taken the trouble to inform themselves on the subject. As the ordinance will soon come up before the Council for final action, it is well that the public should be fully acquainted with the facts and bear them in mind in giving consideration to the question of garbage disposal.

In the first place the proposed ordinance is essentially the same as the ordinances in force in many cities, ordinances which have been upheld by the highest courts in the land. It was drawn with special reference to the principles governing garbage disposal laid down in the various judicial decisions bearing on the subject. The charge that it is unconstitutional and oppressive is therefore without foundation, and is urged to cloak the real motive for opposition.

The Pacific Incinerating Company bought land and erected a crematory at a cost of \$75,000 under contract with the city. Citizens of the Second Ward violently opposed its erection in their neighborhood, believing it would create a nuisance, but their objections were overruled by the Council, which by ordinance entered into contract with the Incinerating Company. After the crematory was completed and ready for operation, the City Attorney rendered an opinion to the effect that the ordinance was void for technical reasons.

Rather than enter upon protracted litigation with the municipality, the corporation agreed to move the crematory to an isolated spot and to modifications in the contract to meet certain objections. In pursuance of this agreement the crematory was torn down and moved out of the Second Ward and rebuilt on marsh ground formerly used as a garbage dump. It is now near no habitation or place of business. This removal has caused the company a further outlay of several thousand dollars. The ordinance now before the Council is to ratify and put into legal effect the agreement entered into with members of the Council and the protesting Second Warders.

Still objections are heard. They come singularly enough from people resident of the locality which is now made the surface repository of garbage. The garbage dumps are a public nuisance, a menace to health and an offense to the laws of sanitation. They are maintained in violation of the general laws of the State and the health ordinances of the city. The issue is therefore, distinctly drawn between surface dumping of garbage in defiance of law and incineration in accordance with law. The issue is made in the same locality. The dumps are a frank and admitted nuisance. By tests of practical operation in scores of cities the crematory has been demonstrated to be free from serious offense.

Passing for the moment the fact that the city is morally obligated to allow the Incinerating Company to operate its plant, it is admitted that the city has no money to expend on the erection of a crematory. The City Attorney has stated that the law forbids issuing bonds for building one. Consequently the garbage can only be collected and incinerated by private parties operating under contract with the city. If the objections raised are sustained as a measure of public policy the whole scheme of garbage incineration must be abandoned entirely. This would involve an expensive lawsuit to determine what damages the city should pay for causing the loss of nearly \$100,000 expended in erecting the present plant.

Garbage and offal are at present collected in the crudest and most unhealthy manner possible. The reeking refuse is transported through the streets during daylight in open wagons which smell of the accumulated foulness of years. Stinking liquid and rotting rubbish drop in the wake of these odorous vehicles, which offend sight, smell and every sanitary regulation. The garbage is finally dumped on the surface in vacant lots inside the city limits to fester and poison the atmosphere.

This method of disposing of garbage has been denounced by successive boards of health for a score of years. Sanitary experts are agreed that incineration is the only scientific method of garbage disposal, and that method has again and again been recommended by the health boards that condemned the dumps. Yet every attempt to inaugurate garbage incineration has met with violent opposition.

It is clear from the character of the objections that there would be opposition if the crematory were located on a distant mountain peak. It is time opposition to a necessary sanitary measure should cease, and if it does not cease the Council should ignore it. There is an increase in domestic refuse commensurate with the growth of the city, and the rapid building up will soon leave no vacant spots in which to dump garbage. If incineration be adopted, a crematory must be established somewhere within the city limits. The present one stands in an nearly an isolated spot as can be found, and it is idle to talk of moving the crematory around till a site can be found that no one will object to.

THE DOE BEQUEST.

The Benard plans for a greater University of California are in more rapid process of realization than the majority of people dreamed of. Three of the splendid new buildings have already been provided for, two of them by private gift, and doubtless others will follow fast enough to meet the needs of the University. Charles F. Doe's gift of between \$500,000 and \$700,000 for the erection and endowment of a library was probably inspired by the example of Mrs. Phoebe Hearst who supplied the Benard plans and who donated the first building of the series of structures for which those plans provide. A State appropriation provided for the third building now in course of erection. If a new building in accordance with the Benard plans can be provided each year, in a decade the housing of the University will undergo a wonderful transformation. In outward magnificence the institution will present an appearance in harmony with its large attendance and its high educational rank.

OAKLAND TRIBUNE

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The consensus of opinion in Chicago is that a building inspector should take his tips from the law, not from the owners of theaters.

All of Mayor Schmitz' Commissioners appear to be on the firing line.

Mrs. Bowers ought to be able to plead the acquittal of Dr. Bowers as a precedent in cases of spouse-poisoning.

Having driven the Democratic Convention to St. Louis, William Randolph Hearst proposes to pursue it and either capture it or make it wear the union label.

Perry Heath, Dick Kerens, et al., are now playing Senator Fairbanks for a Hoosier.

The Bay Cities watershed seems to be watered principally with tears.

The Democrats might try radium as a means of bleaching out the black spots on the party record.

Scotch Concert, Burns' anniversary, Unitarian Church, Monday, Jan. 25.

Read Keller's Advs. in this paper.

ON SEX SEGREGATION AT BERKELEY.

A STOCKTON VIEW OF PROFESSOR CHARLES MILLS GAYLEY'S RECENT ACTION.

From the Stockton Mail.

Professor Charles Mills Gayley has stirred up a storm at the State University by issuing a decree that women will not be admitted to his lectures this term on "Great Books." For some time there have been stray declarations of opposition to co-education at the Berkeley school, and the friends of that system naturally are aroused over the arbitrary announcement of the professor.

Gayley himself has announced in several interviews that he did not intend to make an attack upon co-education, but that the dear girls liked so well to hear him lecture that the seats were crowded out. As his course of lectures on "Great Books" was intended primarily for students in the engineering department, it was necessary to bar the co-eds from the course this term in order to give the male students a chance to hear Professor Gayley's words of wisdom. The professor has solemnly promised that next term the girls shall have the lectures on "Great Books" all to themselves.

"This does not altogether satisfy the friends of co-education, for in an examination of his position Professor Gayley said that it may be that experience will teach that there should be a different selection of studies for men and women and a segregation of sexes in certain classes. He also hinted that the sexes should be separated into two departments as at an institution where management.

"Those who believe in equal educational advantages for men and women—and undoubtedly the majority of the people of this State so believe—will view with alarm the idea of the segregation of the sexes, especially the suggestion that there be at the University separate departments for young men and young women. There doubtless are a few classes in which the sexes could be segregated and better work done, but in the main the people will insist upon co-education as an undoubted educational advantage for the sexes.

"There is reason to believe that if there were separate departments for young men and young women the young men would be favored and the young women would not receive the same grade of instruction as at an institution where classes are open to both sexes.

"THE OAKLAND TRIBUNE raises the question whether women can be legally excluded from any classes at Berkeley. The law provides that the instruction at the State University shall be free to both male and female students. It is certainly treacherous on dangerous ground to say that women shall be excluded from certain classes at certain times. It is provided that the men shall be excluded from classes in the same subjects at certain other times. The students should look into the matter, and it might be well for some strong-minded young women to insist upon their legal right to hear about those "Great Books." Professor Gayley might die before another course of lectures could be given.

Read Keller's Advs. in this paper.

OAKLAND TRIBUNE

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Patent Leather Lace

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My mind had a wrench
With Dutch, Spanish and French,
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I splutter and cough,
But my skill seems exceedingly slow.
My speech isn't right,
'Tis a perilous plight,
And when it will end I don't know.

It is a wise position, greater who knows what section of the statute to violate.—Brooklyn Standard-Union.

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SEE The Road Train Cars on the Stage.
The Great Light House Scene.
The Love for Life in the Boiling Sea.
The Pretty Fisher Maidens.
AND THE VALENTINE JOLLY-ZEB
YOUNG ROMANIAN GREAT SPECIALTIES
SEATS NOW ON SALE—25c, 50c, 75c

Macdonough Theatre
Hall & Barton, Props. & Mgrs. Phone Main 87

TOMORROW and Sunday Nights
JANUARY 23-24
And 25c and 50c Bargain Matinee SUNDAY
B. C. WHITNEY
Presents the Play of the Period
IN CONVICT STRIPES
Four Acts of Laughter and Tears
With VIVIAN DRESBOTT as the Bowery Waif.
"Filled With Human Interest!"
SEE THE GREAT EXPLOSION SCENE
SEATS NOW SELLING, 25c, 50c, 75c

Macdonough Theatre
Hall & Barton, Props. & Mgrs. Phone Main 87

NEXT MONDAY and TUESDAY NIGHTS
JANUARY 25 AND 26
MRS. LANGTRY
MONDAY NIGHT
"MRS. DEERING'S DIVORCE"
A MODERN COMEDY
Tuesday night first time here of Sidney Gruney's modern society play
"THE DEGENERATES"
As presented by Mrs. Langtry for 480 Consecutive Performances in London and the Provinces.
SEAT PRICES
50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00
BOXES—\$10 and \$12.50
Box Office Open Daily, 9 a. m. to 10 p. m.

BELL THEATRE
San Pablo Avenue, Opp. Plaza
Grand Opening Monday Evening, January 18, 1904.
Strictly first-class Vaudeville Performances every afternoon and at least two shows every evening. Admission, 10c; no higher. Entire change of bill weekly.

NOVELTY THEATRE
Broadway, bet. Eleventh and Twelfth Sts.
TONY LUBELSKI, Solo Prop. and Mgr.
A strictly moral family theatre. High class vaudeville and the finest moving pictures in the world. Admission to all parts of the theatre 10 cents, no extras. Matinees, children, 5 cents. Performances every afternoon and at least two every evening.

IDORA PARK
Telegraph Ave. and 57th St.
TOMORROW
(Saturday). Also Sunday 2 P. M.
Weather Permitting.
Positively LAST TWO Concerts of the

RIVELA
ROYAL ITALIAN BAND
Chev. E. Rivela, Director.
A POPULAR PROGRAM
ADMISSION, 10 cents; Children, 5 cents. Other attractions at Idora Park—Tuborgman Show, Coal Mine and Football on Saturday and Sunday.

Racing! Racing! Racing!
OAKLAND RACE TRACK
New California Jockey Club
COMMENCING JANUARY 4
Racing each week day, rain or shine. Six or more races daily. Races commence at 2:15 p. m. sharp.
Take street cars from any part of the city and go to Emeryville. For special trains stopping at the track take S. P. ferry foot of Market street, San Francisco, at 12, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30 or 2 o'clock. No smoking in last two cars, which are reserved for ladies and their escorts.
Returning trains for San Francisco leave at 4:15 and 4:45 o'clock and immediately after the last race.
THOMAS H. WILLIAMS, President.
PERCY W. TRENT, Secretary.

KAHN'S THE ALWAYS BUSY CORNER

SATURDAY'S SPECIALS AT OUR SURPLUS STOCK SALE

BLANKETS

FIVE DOLLAR CALIFORNIA WOOL BLANKETS, During Sale \$3.79
SIX DOLLAR CALIFORNIA WOOL BLANKETS, During Sale \$4.69
ITALIAN BLANKETS—A special job lot; During Sale 90c

COMFORTERS

DOLLAR FIFTY COMFORTERS—White filling; During Sale \$1.19
DOLLAR SEVENTY-FIVE COMFORTERS—Good grade, white filling; During Sale \$1.38
TWO DOLLAR COMFORTERS—None better shown; white filling; During Sale \$1.69

UNDERWEAR

CHILDREN'S JERSEY RIBBED cotton fleeced Vests, Pants and Drawers; usual thirty-five; During Sale 23c
LADIES' COMBINATION SUITS, natural gray, all wool. Jersey ribbed; usual two dollars; During Sale \$1.48
LADIES' WOOL DRAWERS—These are the popular "Tivoli" make; they are seconds—thar is, mill's slight imperfections, if perfect would be listed at one fifty a garment, drawers only; During Sale 69c
SHAGGY TAMS—The real article, silk finish; usual one dollar; During Sale 79c
Shaggy Tams—Heavy wool grade, all colors; usual fifty cents; During Sale 39c
KAHN'S FAMOUS FOOTWEARMERS—Of a good grade of Eiderdown, all colors; During Sale 48c
CHILDREN'S EIDERDOWN ROBES—Splendid dollar twenty-five values; During Sale 98c

Bed Spreads

HONEY-COMB SPREADS, 72x84; the usual one twenty-five kind; five new patterns; During Sale 89c
Marseilles Pattern Spreads, full size, 80x84; usual dollar-fifty; During Sale \$1.19

Men's Underwear

SHIRTS AND DRAWERS—Australian Wool, Root's "Tivoli" brand, listed at one twenty-five a garment; During Sale 87c

Extra Special

SATURDAY NIGHT at 7:30—Not before—Johnson Bros., England, samples of Cups and Saucers, Pitchers, Plates and covered vegetable dishes—
VALUES? SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY.
PLATES, 7c; CUPS AND SAUCERS 10c;
PITCHERS 25c; VEGETABLE DISHES, 58c
As the quantities are limited, come early.

Kahn Bros.
THE ALWAYS BUSY STORE
Twelfth Street, Toward Washington, Oakland

WINDOW GLASS Get Our Estimates

L. N. Cobbledick & Bros., 401 12th St. Tel. Red 26

THE Family Restaurant PALACE HOTEL OF THE San Francisco
Is much in favor with Oakland women.

CURE FOR WEAK MEN
10 Days Trial Dr. Lawrence's Wonderful New Perfect VACUUM DEVELOPER AND INVIGORATOR with new patented improvements (SOLD ONLY BY DR.)
Irrigates and permanently restores lost strength, cures Varicose, Stricture, Prematureness, Erosion, Gonorrhea, Prostatitis, Stricture, and all other ailments of the urinary system. A simple home treatment. Write or call for illustrated book. It shows male system and explains our special treatment. Sent plain sealed—free.
HEALTH APPLIANCE CO. 609 Farwell St. San Francisco
Chas. N. Wood. Al. Wood.

AL WOOD & BRO.
Painters and Decorators, Wall Paper
966 BROADWAY
Bet. 9th and 14th Sts.
Phone Main 281.

JOHN A. BECKWITH.
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,
1118 BROADWAY.
THE COMPRESSED AIR
House Cleaning Co.
Carpet renovated on the floor.
464 Thirteenth Street, Oakland, Cal.
Telephone Main 707.

H. W. WILLIAMS
PHOTOGRAPHER
General View Work Artistically Executed and Fully Guaranteed. Architecture, residences, animals, fine carriage teams. California views for sale.
907 Jackson St., Oakland, Cal.
Telephone White 855, Oakland.

THE PIONEER FRENCH BAKERY
LASSALLE BROS., Proprietors.
N. E. Cor. Tenth and Webster Streets.
Telephone White 855, Oakland.
First quality French bread delivered to all parts of Oakland, Berkeley and Alameda. Loaves made to order for parties.

H.C. Capwell Co.

THE LACE HOUSE
1274 AND WASHINGTON STS.

The Lace House is Forced to Capitulate

temporarily to those revolutionary architects and contractors who have undertaken the task of adding four stores to our present quarters and of transforming the whole into one magnificent, spacious, commodious and well-arranged shopping-place for women.

It's bad enough now—but they threaten us with more. So both the present and the future compel us to get rid of goods as fast as possible, and this we are doing.

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF IT—there is ample opportunity to do so. Everything (with the few usual exceptions) has been reduced in price, in scores of instances the original prices being cut in halves.

Dress Goods

Even the most staple lines of broadcloth, Venetian, etc., are cut 10 per cent. Among the many special reductions is a line of all-wool Zibeline in tau, gray, garnet, brown and blue-gray; 48 ins. wide; regular 95c value. Special 75c yard

Japanese Crepe

for waists—good, solid shades or fancy stripes; dark and light blue, red, green, tau, pink; regular 20c value. Special 15c

Lining Silk

—good quality; all colors except black; regular 45c value; to close out 25c yd. Black figured, silk-finished lining; regular 16-23c value; four patterns. Special 12 1/2c yard

Dress Trimmings

—reductions here are general and range as high as 50 PER CENT. The lines include braids, gimps and appliques of all kinds in broken lines of colors, white and black.

Also Point Venise and fibre silk trimming laces; beadings, galloons, medallions and motifs, in black, white, ecru and butter—everything pertaining to dress trimming.

Linen Scarf

Special at 35c. A good quality of linen scarf, 18x54 ins.; one row of hemstitching and one row of drawn work; regular price 50c.

Fancy Neckwear

Broken lines worth 25c and 35c. Now 19c. All 35c Neckwear. Now 25c. All 50c Neckwear. Now 35c. —and so on to the \$1.25 kind, reduced to 75c.

Turkish Towels

—an extra large Turkish bath towel; regular 25c value. Special 19c

Down Cushions

22, 24 and 26 inches square have been reduced to 55c, 65c and 75c. Nothing but feather-down in them; no floss nor cotton batting.

Ladies' Suits

Splendid new suits, in up-to-date styles; were priced \$15.00 to \$18.50. Special \$10.00. Suits of finest quality of fancy camel's hair material in blue and white, also in brown and white; coat is the new long tight-fitting shape; lined throughout with taffeta; regular \$45.00 suit. Special \$15.00

Suits made of imported Scotch plaid mixtures; 33-inch tight-fitting coat; lined throughout with silk taffeta; regular \$25.00 value. Special \$13.50

Dress Skirts

Several complete lines of up-to-date Dress Skirts have been specially priced. Here are some:

Dress Skirts of tan and brown Venetian cloths; fancy braid trimming on flounce; \$6.00 values. Special \$3.75

Dress Skirts made of basket-weave chevrot; flounce heavily corded or strapped; \$4.50 value. Special \$2.75

Dress Skirts in etamines, canvas cloths, chevrots and Venetians; all late styles and in the popular shades. All at 25 per cent discount

Comforter—Special

—large size, good silkline, figured on one side; pure white filling; regular price \$2.00. Special \$1.45

Lace Curtain—Special

Excellent quality of French cable net curtain with real Battenburg inserting and edging; Arabian or white; were special at \$2.20. Now \$1.75 pair

Tapestry—Special

Fine 50-inch satin-faced and red tapestry; suitable for home upholstery, couch covers, portieres, etc.; regular 75c value. Special 60c yard

Beaded Chains

—some unusual reductions: In black chains; 25c values. Now 15c. In black and colors; some 50c values now 35c; \$1.00 values, now 65c; \$1.15 and \$1.25 values, now 75c.

MANAGER TELLS MERCHANTS TO GO ON EXCURSION.

HARRY J. POWERS ON THE SPECIAL TRAIN WILL BE RUN FROM OAKLAND TO LOS ANGELES.

CHICAGO, January 22.—Harry J. Powers, one of the resident owners and associate managers of the Inland Theater, took the stand as a witness before the coroner's jury today. Before taking any testimony, Coroner Traeger requested that Will Davis, the other resident owner of the Inland Theater, be sworn in. The request was complied with a later request by attorneys for the two theatrical managers.

Mr. Powers said he was a stockholder in the theater and a treasurer of the Inland Theater Company and an associate manager of the theater with Mr. Davis in a general way he was identified with the preparation of the Inland Theater. He represented them as a layman and interested party. He said he and Davis were interested stockholders, he said, and also passed upon and approved the plans. The contract for construction was let to the Fuller Construction Company. The details of letting the contract were left to Mr. Davis as president. A concerned signed this contract. A contract Marshall drew the specifications.

Concerning the details as to the opening of the theater, he recalled his interview with Mr. Davis. The latter and Mr. Ehlinger, he said, arranged to contract whereby the date for the opening was fixed and "Mr. Ehlinger" was secured.

Mr. Powers told the jury that he reason the Inland Theater had no fire apparatus was because the house fireman, Saller, had not ordered it. It was Saller's business, he said, to provide such things. Saller was there for such purposes and had come recommended by Assistant Chief Campbell of the fire department. Mr. Powers also indicated responsibility on the part of the Fuller Construction Company, which, he said, was supposed to be constructing the building according to law. He declared that Ehlinger's Manager, Noonan, Stage Carpenter Cummings and Chief Usher Dusenberry were entrusted with looking after details.

DANGER LINE PASSED.

COLUMBUS, January 22.—The Steato river has passed the danger line and now stands at 17 1/2 feet. The lowlands have been inundated and the levees are being closely watched to prevent the entire west side from being flooded. No damage has as yet resulted from the ice going out of the river.

Read Keller's Ads. in this paper.

HE SAVED TWO LIVES.



MATT MCGUINNESS.

Matt McGuinness is the young man who in company with Jack Capelless performed such a brave deed of life saving last Monday evening. Two lads about sixteen years of age were clinging to a boat and to a capsize when Mr. McGuinness and his companion saved them from a watery grave.

ARRESTED FOR ROBBING STORE.

PLEASANTON, January 12.—Jackson and Easterly's jewelry store at Niles was entered by burglars about 2 o'clock yesterday morning and robbed of a small amount of money and some jewelry. David Williams and Paul James were arrested here by Constable Locke, as suspicious characters and when searched at the jail, the jewelry was found in their pockets.

BROADWAY IS AN OPEN HIGHWAY.

The Realty Syndicate has carried out the suggestion of the board of Public Works and has cleared Broadway, north of Fourteenth street, in front of the new theater building. The work was done very quickly and completely. The street is now in passable condition.

MRS. HINCHMAN DIES.

Mrs. Isabelle M. Hinchman, a native of New York, aged 63 years, passed away at her home, 1556 Everett street, late Wednesday night after a short illness.

Mrs. Hinchman was one of the most prominent members of the Political Equality Club and of the Adelphi Club and had hosts of friends who esteemed her very highly.

She leaves two daughters, Mrs. W. H. Cook and Miss Gertrude R. Hinchman; two sons, Frederick and William B. Hinchman and three step-children, Mrs. R. W. Mastick, Charles Hinchman and W. H. Hinchman.

Read Keller's Ads. in this paper.

LITTLE PROGRESS.

ELDORA, Ia., January 22.—But little progress was made today in the trial of Eben S. Blydenburg, on trial for the alleged poisoning of his third wife. Witnesses testified to the wife of arsenic and dissatisfaction by Mrs. Blydenburg prior to her death, and to her having determined to leave her husband, Blydenburg, who was a Sunday school teacher, a deacon in the church and a philanthropist, was arrested in October last. Evidence since has developed to show that his first wife died mysteriously at Stony Brook, L. I., five years ago. It is also alleged that his other two wives also died violent deaths.

Smith Bros.' Remarkable Sale of Stationery

In connection with our January straightening-out Sale we will start on Saturday a Special Sale of New, Stylish Stationery. All of this Stationery is new stock, and there is no reason for selling at less than regular price except that we are taking our annual inventory and want to have a clean start in all lines at the close of our sale.

At 25c Box

CHENILLE BOND, in azure and white, 24 sheets, 24 envelopes.

RYSWICK LINEN NOTE in Nubian blue, shell blue, white, dull gray; linen bond and French linen finish; square flap envelope; 24 sheets, 24 envelopes.

ST. GALMIER LINEN NOTE: 24 sheets, 24 envelopes; square flap; in gray, azure and white. All the above are regular 35c and 40c values.

Special at 25c Box

"THE BERWICK" stationery cabinet, containing ONE HUNDRED SHEETS AND ONE HUNDRED ENVELOPES of excellent quality.

Special at 50c a Box

PARCHMENT BOND—in blue, rose, light blue, white and heliotrope; square flap envelopes, kid-finished paper; regular 25c box.

Special at 15c

VENETIAN NOTE linen bond, in white only; 24 sheets, 24 envelopes; regular 25c box.

Special at 15c

FRENCH BOND—two sizes, the "Lakewood" and "The Vassar"; in white, cerulean and gray; 24 sheets and 24 envelopes; regular 50c box.

Special at 35c

LANDSDOWNE LINEN—the very well, long, narrow paper and envelope, 24 sheets and 24 envelopes; in white and azure.

Special at 50c Box

Special Sale of Books

It is now possible to save money on every book in the house. Some 1-5 off, some 1-3 off, some 1-2 off, and some 3-4 off regular prices. Also some startling reductions in framed and unframed pictures of merit.

SMITH BROS.

Art Dealers—Booksellers—Stationers

462-464 THIRTEENTH STREET Bet. Broadway and Washington

Jackson Furniture COMPANY

519-521-523-525 TWELFTH STREET
518-520 ELEVENTH STREET

Cold Weather Makes Us Stay at Home

BUT WE DON'T WANT TO STAY IN A HOME THAT IS NOT COMFORTABLE. SUCH A HOME CAN'T BE A HAPPY ONE.

WE WANT YOU TO COME TO OUR LARGE STORE AND LOOK AT OUR BEAUTIFUL DISPLAY OF NEW FURNITURE AND CARPETS. ALSO SEE OUR USEFUL RANGES. THE MANY DESIRABLE DETAILS YOU WOULD NOTICE IN A MINUTE, CANNOT BE TOLD OF IN TYPE IN AN HOUR—AND YOU HAVEN'T TIME TO READ A LONG SERMON IN A STORE TALK.

NOW FOR THE FINAL REMINDER—WE MAKE PAYING SO EASY THAT YOU DON'T NOTICE IT. FIFTY DOLLARS WILL BUY A LOT OF NICE FURNITURE—AND A DOLLAR A WEEK WILL NEVER BE MISSED. AS MUCH MORE AS YOU LIKE ON THE SAME TERMS.

Jackson Furniture COMPANY

519-521-523-525 TWELFTH STREET
518-520 ELEVENTH STREET

NO HINTS FOR JUDGE GREENE.

HE WILL NAME THE APPRAISERS IN PROBATE CASES.

Petitioners at the bar of the Probate Court will hereafter mind their "P's and Q's" in approaching the judicial woolstack upon which Judge Greene sits enthroned. The matter of the appointment of appraisers coming to the attention of the Judge, the members of the bar present in the courtroom this morning were told in unmistakable terms things they could not do.

Justice is to be administered with the avoidance of every appearance of evil, and a suggestion as to whom shall be appointed as appraisers of an estate will not be tolerated. In this connection the Judge said:

"In regard to the matter of attorneys suggesting or inserting the names of appraisers to be appointed in orders to be signed by me, I wish to state that the highest regard for the profession of which we are members, not excepting even that of ministers. And while I have faith in the integrity of the majority of lawyers there are others whom you cannot trust. I have had estates of four months appraised as ten months estate and visa versa. This will never occur again if I can help it. I want no suggestions as to whom are to be appointed appraisers in any estate."

Last week Judge Green made an order that no statements of accounts of estate were to be received for filing by the County Clerk until they had been examined by him. The entire and complete care of piles which are sent to the probate administration is receiving an

over-hauling at his hands and the greatest care exercised by him that simple justice is done to the dead as well as to the living.

EASTERN WEATHER.
CHICAGO, January 22.—Temperatures here, m.; Chicago, 55; Minneapolis, 58; St. Louis, 59; others not reported.

A CONTINUAL DRAG.

The Exact Term.

Only those who have experienced the pain and suffering incident to Piles or Hemorrhoids can know what a drag and handicap this complaint is; how even the mildest forms hinder the patient from putting forth his or her best efforts, while those afflicted with bleeding and protruding piles realize all the tortures of the Inquisition.

It may surprise the reader to know that there is a sure, permanent cure for this disease, as the following testimony from Mr. E. A. Leonard, an American resident in the City of Mexico will show:

"For twenty years I suffered with piles, sometimes being confined to my bed for days at a time. The relief received from doctors both in the United States and Mexico was temporary, and more frequently I received no relief; other medicines had no effect. It was a continual drag. I was fit for nothing. I finally tried Pyramid Pile Cure; first application was magical; I could not believe I was awake next morning. I experienced a relief that I had not known for twenty years. One box cured me; but not believing myself cured, I bought two more, but they are still in my trunk. I first used the remedy in July 1902; have had no occasion to use it since. The world should know of Pyramid Pile Cure. I have no words to express its merits."

Pyramid Pile Cure is in the form of a suppository, which is admitted by all physicians to be the best preparation for treating piles; it comes in direct contact with the painful tumors and does its work quickly and painlessly. It is sold by druggists, generally, for 50 cents a package, and there is no other remedy "just as good."

Write Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich., for their little book on the causes and cure of piles which is sent free for the asking.

M'KOWEN CASE IS CONTINUED.

ATTORNEY WRIGHT CAN NOT BE PRESENT UNTIL NEXT WEEK.

W. A. McKowen did not plead guilty this morning to a charge of embezzling the funds of the University of California. Instead the matter went over for a week. McKowen appeared before Judge Hall this morning in pursuance to agreement but at the request of District Attorney Allen the matter was continued.

When Judge Hall called the case of The People of the State of California against W. A. McKowen, the former secretary of the Regents of the University stepped forward to the table in front of the bench and took his place by the side of the District Attorney. Allen then said:

"Your honor, I hold here a communication from H. M. Wright, attorney for the prisoner, stating that it is impossible for him to be here this morning and asking that I consent to the case going over for one week. I have no objection to this as it is the first time the case has been called."

The Judge—it is so ordered.

McKowen then resumed his seat beside Under-Sheriff Hannifin and shortly afterwards was taken back to the jail.

In answer to the question as to whether any more charges were to be placed against McKowen, Attorney C. E. Snook said: "I have no idea what will be done in the matter. It lies with the Regents and the District Attorney."

But the District Attorney says that it lies with you and the Regents. If McKowen gets a long sentence it is to be presumed that you will be satisfied and if not will other charges be filed to make up what you believe to be sufficient punishment."

"You may draw your own conclusions as to that. At the present time he is charged with having stolen \$3515. As to charging him with anything more is something I cannot speak about."

LOOK INTO HONOR SYSTEMS.	SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND FOR A LIBRARY.	STAR GAZERS WILL OFFICIATE
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NEW OBSERVATORY BUILDINGS
TO BE FORMALLY DEDICATED
AT STATE UNIVERSITY

BERKELEY. January 22.—On the afternoon of Saturday, January 30, the new astronomical buildings of the University of California which have just been completed, will be formally dedicated. The exercises will be held in connection with the meeting of the Astronomical Society of the Pacific.

The program of the meeting, as arranged so far, will be as follows: Opening remarks, President Wheeler; "The Students' Observatory," Professor A. C. Leuschner; "The Constant of Refraction," Dr. R. T. Crawford; "The Watson Asteroid," Dr. L. Newkirk; "The Photographic Telescope," Dr. A. F. Gillman. It is hoped that Dr. Campbell of the Lick Observatory will also be present to address the meeting. The meeting will be open to the public and all persons interested

The new buildings of the Students' Observatory were designed by Professor John Galt Howard and consist of one main building containing two large rooms, two domes, a dark room and store rooms and a separate dome in which the eight-inch reflector, recently presented by the Honorable Senator S. W. Van Dine, has been placed. One of the wings connected with the main building is occupied by the five-inch reflector of the late Senator Fair, which was presented in a popular manner.

The Students' Observatory has been enlarged four times during the last ten years, and in the same time the instruction in the department has developed from a few courses to a wide range of the needs of civil engineers, to a training school for all branches of astronomy.

Dr. Crawford will present in his paper at the meeting his new method for the determination of the constants of refraction. His method is applicable in that it is free from many of the sources of error by which older methods are affected. Although this

After the meeting the new and the old buildings will be thrown open for inspection and the various telescopes will be placed at the disposal of the visitors.

REMAINS LAID TO REST.	SURPRISE PARTY AT FRUITVALE.	IMPROVEMENTS IN HAYWARDS.	WILL HAVE GREAT ARENA.	HUNG BY BROKEN BRANCH.	AUTO-'BUS STIRS UP ELMHURST.	SHORT TIME TO LEAVE.
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LOAFERS AND VAGRANTS MEET
SCANT CEREMONY AT
EMERYVILLE.

EMERYVILLE, January 23.—Marshal Lane and his deputy, T. Brown, have been making an active crusade against vagrants and peace disturbers during the last few days and the town is now nearly rid of this species of pest of society. Yesterday there was a wholesale roundup of "vags" around the Santa Fe depot and one and all were given five hours to leave town. They left in a hurry. These men have been hanging around the workmen, refusing to work any longer than is necessary to earn a piece of money with which to buy liquor. They then get intoxicated and make themselves a public nuisance.

At the next meeting of the Board of Trustees Marshal Lane will endeavor to have an ordinance passed with regard to drunks. At present there is no ordinance covering this class of cases and when arrests are made it must either be for disturbing the peace or for vagrancy and it is hard to make such a charge stick sometimes.

DECIDE ON QUARTERS.

The committee, chosen by Emeryville Court No. 218, Foresters of America, to select a place for a new hall, have decided to purchase a building on the corner of

The building has only just been completed and the lower floor is occupied by the M. Smith electric store. The owner intended to make apartment rooms of the second story but closed the deal with the lodge. The lodge will hold its first meeting in the new hall, which in Foresters' Hall, next Tuesday evening. There will be one large lodge room and several smaller ones that will be fitted up for

social quarters.

ARRESTED FOR FIGHTING.

Ellis Cameron and Albert Powell were arrested yesterday for engaging in a street brawl. Powell was fined \$25 and Cameron given twenty-four hours to leave town.

★

Brutally Tortured.

A case came to light that for persistent

and unmerciful torture has perhaps never been equaled. Joe Golobick of Colusa, Calif., writes: "For 15 years I endured the most excruciating rheumatism and nothing helped me though I tried everything known. I came across Electric Bitters and it's the greatest medicine on earth for that trouble. A few bottles of it completely relieved and cured me. Just took a glass daily and cured all my troubles and general debility. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by Osgood Bros., Druggists, Stevens and Broadway."

★

"Oakland Tribune." Grasp It.

We will hold up our right hand and take an oath we are in a position to give you six months' subscription free if you clear \$500.00 for us. We are now purchasing \$25 worth of household goods or furniture at lowest possible cash prices. San Francisco included, during our clearance sale at 1000 Market Street, 11th St. H. Schellhaas, the old Reliable Fur-

The American Girl.

WHAT MAKES HER POPULAR.



THE American girl is admired and liked at home and abroad because she is the happiest, usually the healthiest and friendliest of girls. She is fond of life and is alive to everything beautiful and good in existence. Mrs. Langtry has said that the American girl has little to learn from her English sisters. She advises the American girl to walk with an erect carriage. She well says that "sloping shoulders lessen the lung expansion, weaken the spine and crowd the heart." Certainly beauty and health are twin sisters, and one can only be attained through the other.

Dr. Pierce, the specialist in women's diseases, of Buffalo, N. Y., advises simple exercises for women, preferably in the outdoor air where the chest can be expanded and good oxygen taken into the lungs to assist in the formation of red blood. But many women are confined to the house and their household duties or their business confines them to poorly ventilated rooms. For such he advises to open the windows sufficiently for fresh air and then to take light dumb-bell exercise or simple movements without them. "Then there are women who overdo," says Dr. Pierce. "Women who are employed in a business capacity or who have many household duties are sometimes originally careless. They not only attempt to accomplish too much, but they do a hard day's work in an office on a cup of coffee and roll for breakfast and tea and toast or bowl of milk for luncheon. If a man tried living on that plan he would collapse."

WHY WOMEN HAVE 'NERVES.'
"That is the reason why women have 'nerves.' When our thoughts begin to grow cloudy and uncertain, our impulses lag and the warning of pain and distress are sent like flying messages throughout our limbs and frame, we straightway, nine times in ten, lay the cause of the trouble to some defect in the point where we first feel it. It is a headache, a backache, a sensation of irritability or twitching and uncontrollable nervousness, some thing must be wrong with the head or back, a woman naturally says, but all the time the real trouble very often centers in the womanly organs. In nine cases out of ten the seat of the difficulty is here, and a woman should take rational treatment for its cure. The local disorder and inflammation of the delicate special organs of the sex should be treated steadily and systematically."

Dr. Pierce, during a long period of practice, found that a prescription made up entirely of roots and herbs, without the use of alcohol, cured over ninety per cent. of such cases. After using this

AMUSEMENTS.

"A Midnight Express" was the title of a play produced at the Macdonough Theatre last night. It was simply fierce.

IN CONVICT STRIPES.
At the Macdonough's tomorrow and Sunday nights the powerful melodrama, "In Convict Stripes" will be played to the patrons. There will be the usual bargain matinee Sunday at 2 p. m.

MRS. LANGTRY.
"Mrs. Langtry's Divorce," the three-act comedy which Mrs. Langtry will present at the Macdonough Theatre on

Monday, January 25, is not only clever and full of wit, but it contains many ingenious and diverting situations. The play comes here with the endorsement of the New York press and public. It will be concluded a four weeks' stay at the Savoy Theatre there early this season.

TUG TO BE FLOATED.
The tug Ida W. which sank in Oakland Harbor last Tuesday night, will be raised this week. The water is to be pumped out and the vessel floated as soon as possible. As it is in shallow water it is not thought to have been much damaged. The sinking is supposed to have been caused by leaving the sea-cocks partly open.

BRIDE SAYS SHE WAS SWINDLED.



MRS. EARL ALLEN RITCHIES.

BERKELEY, January 22.—A select social circle in this city has been shocked to learn that Mrs. Maudens Ritchies has filed a suit for a divorce from Earl Allen Ritchies. There are sensational charges in the complaint filed by Mrs. Ritchies, who three months ago was Miss Maudens Miller.

The young woman declares she was made the victim of a matrimonial swindle in which she was wedded by a man who gave an assumed name and then mortgaged her property and spent the money. There was quite an ado attendant upon the romance of three months ago, when Miss Miller wedded Ritchies after a short acquaintance, formed on a railroad train. Shortly after the nuptial ceremony Ritchies is said to have filed a deed of mortgage on his wife's piano and watch. Local merchants are also said to have had trouble with the man who is alleged to have ordered goods that he did not pay for.

Mrs. Ritchies, who seeks to resume her maiden name, is still living in Berkeley, although Ritchies took his departure some time ago.

right of the hardiest citizen to earn his bread by the sweat of his brow is thus denied. Such right is in no respect inconsistent with the right of labor to organize.

"The tyranny of the boycott in its attempt to club the free labor of our land into slavish submission to labor oligarchy has been strongly illustrated within a few months in the City of Chicago where its people were not even given permission to bury their dead."

After the Street Committee of the City Council adjourned last night Councilmen Howard, Pendleton, Cuvellier and Dornin met in executive session to discuss a ways and means to conform with the suggestions of the water report of the Special Committee.

It was concluded that the next logical step would be the appointment of the board of arbitration to fix the values of the water company. No candidates for this important position were discussed, but the Councilmen named were unanimous in thinking this was the proper course to pursue.

BRYAN TALKS ABOUT UNIONS.
NEW YORK, January 22.—An attack on labor unions made by former Assistant Attorney-General James M. Beck of Philadelphia was the cause for the remarks made by W. J. Bryan in departing from the text of his speech at the Hall and Society dinner just held here. Mr. Bryan declared there is greater danger from "corporations which defy the law" than from labor unions.

Mr. Beck, in the course of his speech said: "If I do not misread history, the prosperity of Dutch people was founded upon a principle which is vitally essential to the progress and happiness of any people and that is the inalienable right of every man to work for whom he pleases and at what wage he pleases, and to enjoy freely the fruits of his toil. This principle is in some need of vindication in this country and at this hour. Man was brought into the world to work. It is not only his right, it is his right and any form of social tyranny which contravenes this right is infinitely mischievous."

"In vain are written constitutions, with their paper guarantee of life, liberty and pursuit of happiness, if the

Why?

do without a

Piano

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PLYMOUTH, (new) \$245-\$6 a month.	Medium size, walnut case; sweet tone; good action. Special price to close out.
LUDWIG & CO., \$192-\$5 a month.	Golden oak case; medium size, good condition. Same as sold new by agents for \$350.
NEUMANN, \$182-\$5 a month.	Large size; rosewood case; thoroughly renovated. Good practice piano.
HOWARD, \$187-\$5 a month.	Medium size, mahogany case; mandolin attachment.
HOWARD, \$169-\$5 a month.	Largest size; American walnut case; good tone; in good condition. A good practice piano.
COMSTOCK, \$147.50-\$5 a month.	Large size; mahogany finish; good looking case.
KIRSCHNER, \$162-\$5 a month.	Nearly new; walnut case; good tone; good condition.
KNAGGS & BISHOP, (English) \$76-\$4 a month.	Small; walnut case, fair tone; will do for a time, then trade it back.
BORD, (French) \$75-\$4 a month.	Sweet toned little piano. Let the children use it a while then trade it back.
RUDDOLF, \$62-\$4 a month.	Small size; not much but worth \$83.
FEURICH, \$34-\$4 a month.	Small size; not good but cheap as dirt at \$34.

A NUMBER OF GOOD SQUARE PIANOS ON INSTALLMENTS OF \$2 A MONTH UP.
Every piano as represented or no sale. If you can't come in, ring us up, Main 528, and we'll hold any piano for inspection. NEW PIANOS TO RENT.

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SELL PIANOS THAT WEAR

Broadway at 13th
Oakland, Cal.

his deputy building inspectors, keeps close surveillance of the city welfare. Unsafe structures are not permitted and many other matters of incalculable value to our growth are provided.

While we do not feel disposed to criticize any of the detached ordinances now before the Council for passage, we do feel that the most superior method of passing and effecting building regulations is by having the installation of an up-to-date bureau. All of these segregated resolutions, etc., are well aimed and approximate the desires of all legitimate building interests, but on the whole, as are now directed, fall short. The old time characteristic method of Oakland is to do things on installment basis. Build a piece of hotel—see if it works, and then add a little more. Also erect one or two stories of a business block, then wait to see if the town will collapse—if not, then add a top floor later on. This policy, as stated, has in the past seemed to be our civic caliber. Now we find about us a city partially succumbing in the struggle to throw off this phantasmagoria dream.

Here we realize that our much loved Oakland now peers along the pathway of "Western Empire shaping her course." In view of all things that seem possible to now come our way, why should we not adopt approved patterns for our guidance rather than drift under shackled conditions?

Therefore, is it unreasonable to ask our aldermen to take such steps as their pleasure dictates in securing the data and information that will enable them to back up such resolutions as will place in running order a municipal department controlling all building operations in a manner similar to those managed in San Francisco, Los Angeles, Seattle and elsewhere?

Editor TRIBUNE: Though your columns we should like to express our appreciation of the present efforts of the City Council and fire department toward effecting additional ordinances for the welfare of our building enterprises and also for the public safety at large. We believe the entire architectural profession and all industries allied therewith of Alameda county, and more particularly of Oakland municipality, will endorse a correct method of establishing a building bureau.

Security of past pipe dms is now treading on awakened ground, and in this essential, as well as many others, should take on sufficient civic pride to place ourselves in rank with sister cities.

Judson, Sig. Cortesi, Sig. Borghese, Mr. Evans, Sig. Wanrell.

Signor Wanrell comes from the Royal Theatre of Madrid, and has sung in Milan, Odessa, Parma, Turin and numerous other foreign ports. He is well-known in San Francisco as an artist of refinement and intellectual powers and possesses a basso of remarkable force and interpretive facilities.

SECRETARY TO CONSUL.
Bain L. Campbell who has been visiting England, Wales, France and Scotland for the past two years, has left for Antwerp, Belgium, where he is to be secretary for Major Church Howe United States Consul-General of Belgium.

For any case of nervousness, sleeplessness, weak stomach, indigestion, dyspepsia, try Carter's Little Nerve Pills. Relief is sure. The only nerve medicine for the price in market.

"Cure the cough and save the life." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures cough and cold, down to the very verge of consumption.

VERDI SEXTET
TO GIVE CONCERT.
The Verdi International Operatic Sextet, under the direction of Signor G. S. Wanrell, basso cantate, will give a concert at Lyric Hall, 119 Broadway street above the new Tivoli Theatre, San Francisco, on Thursday, February 4, at 8 p. m.

Signor Wanrell announces that Madame Caro Roma has consented to become a member of the Verdi International Sextet.

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Extreme cleanliness and great efficiency have made Tesla Biquettes the popular fuel with thousands. Full weight and business courtesy have helped, but merit means success. Try them. New Prices—Ton, \$7.50; half-ton, \$4.00; quarter-ton, \$2.00. Phone Main 79, or send postal to Tesla Coal Company, Adams Wharf, Oakland.

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SEE THEM IN OUR SHOW WINDOW

LADIES' SATIN GIRDLE CORSETS IN PINK, BLUE AND WHITE, BONED WITH RUST-PROOF, SIZES 18 TO 24 ONLY. SPECIAL SALE PRICE 50c EACH

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SAVE YOUR DAUGHTER.

No. 185 West 88th Street,
NEW YORK CITY, N. Y., April 3, 1903.

Wine of Cardui has been a blessing to my home. I have often found that it was a great relief when I was weary or in pain, but I am especially grateful for what it did for our daughter and only child. I noticed that her menses were tardy and she suffered with headaches and giddiness, heaviness in the abdomen and about the loins. This seriously interfered with her studies and she had to discontinue several of them.

A visitor calling on me and discussing the matter suggested that I give her a course of your Wine of Cardui as it had relieved her daughter of a similar trouble. After my daughter had used it for five weeks I found a great improvement in her looks, health and behavior, in fact she was a different girl. The flow became regular and we have not had any difficulty since.

Ezra H. Thompson
TREASURER, BATHSONS MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION.

WINE OF CARDUI

Here the menstrual function had not been properly started and the unnatural condition was making the young girl an invalid. The headaches and giddiness, indicated something more than a mere temporary ailment. They were symptoms of a functional weakness which would become more and more aggravated as years went by. But Mrs. Thompson was ready to take advice for her daughter's welfare and she gave the little sufferer Wine of Cardui and now she is a well young woman.

If your daughter is sickly and frequently ailing the letter of this good mother contains the best advice you can follow. Wine of Cardui is the menstrual regulator that cures nine cases out of every ten. Young girls, mothers and middle-aged women find this tonic indispensable. All druggists sell \$1.00 bottles of Wine of Cardui.

Miss Lizzie H. Thompson

